

Quantum Glasses: Interactive Visualization Tool for Single-Qubit State Evolution

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Quantum computing is a growing field in modern science and technology. The behavior of qubits and quantum gates is an important step to learn quantum computing. I independently developed a quantum computing project titled Quantum Glasses within the IBM Qiskit ecosystem. This project visualizes single-qubit quantum state transformations using a Python Tkinter Graphical User Interface (GUI) integrated with Qiskit. The tool allows users to apply fundamental quantum gates which include Pauli, Hadamard, phase and rotation gates (RX, RY, and RZ). The rotation parameters are adjustable and defined in multiples of π . In this tool, each operation dynamically updates the quantum circuit and visualizes the resulting state evolution on the Bloch sphere. This project strengthened my understanding of quantum mechanics concepts and I gained practical experience in quantum programming and visualization.

The Quantum computing is an emerging field which is based on principles of quantum mechanics. The quantum bits known as qubits are used to process and store information. Qubits can exist in a superposition state which represents both 0 and 1 simultaneously.

The state of a qubit is mathematically represented as:

$$|\psi\rangle = \alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle$$

Objectives:

The main objectives of this project are:

- To develop an interactive graphical user interface for quantum computing visualization.
- To visualize single-qubit quantum state transformations on the Bloch sphere.
- To help beginners understand quantum gates and qubit rotations visually.
- To integrate Python Tkinter with Qiskit.

- To provide educational platform to learn basic quantum computing.

Methodology

- Python – Main programming language for developing the application
- Tkinter – Used to create the graphical user interface (GUI)
- Qiskit – Used for quantum circuit simulation and Bloch Sphere visualization
- NumPy – Used for mathematical calculations (especially rotation angles)

System Design

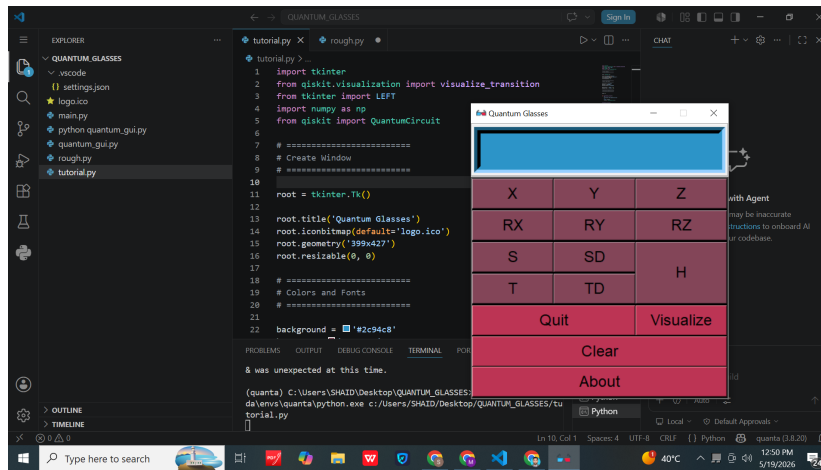


Figure 1: Quantum Glasses Graphical User Interface

Explanation Figure 1 shows main graphical user interface of the Quantum Glasses application developed by use of Python Tkinter. The interface contains buttons to apply different quantum gates such as X, Y, Z, H, RX, RY, and RZ. The display area shows selected operations, while visualization button allows users to observe qubit transformations on Bloch Sphere.

Bloch Sphere Visualization Image

Figure 2 shows working implementation of the Quantum Glasses application. The left side of the figure displays Tkinter-based graphical user interface containing quantum gate buttons such as X, Y, Z, RX, RY, RZ, S, T, and H. The selected gate operation is displayed at the top of the interface.

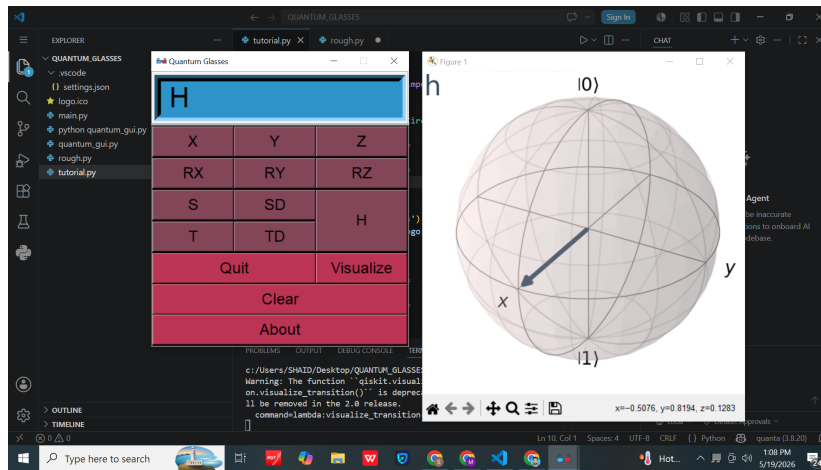


Figure 2: Bloch Sphere Visualization of Single-Qubit Transformation

The right side of the figure presents the Bloch Sphere visualization generated using Qiskit visualization tools. In this example, Hadamard (H) gate has been applied to the qubit, resulting in a state transformation represented geometrically on Bloch Sphere. The visualization helps users understand qubit rotations and superposition interactively.

Results

- The project successfully visualizes single-qubit quantum state transformations on Bloch Sphere.
- The GUI-based interaction allows users to apply quantum gates dynamically and observe their effects visually.
- The application simplifies difficult quantum computing concepts such as superposition, rotations, and quantum gate transformations.
- The integration of Tkinter and Qiskit provides effective educational platform for students and beginners.